Animal Feeds: What we feed livestock matters

Samuel Smith (Chair) Forum for the Future

Karen Luyckx Feedback Christine Page Smiling Tree Farm

Ben Scriven Tamarisk Farm









Feed Compass

A collaboration focused on:

Accelerating momentum across the animal feed system to act on sustainability.







forumforthefuture.org/feed-compass



























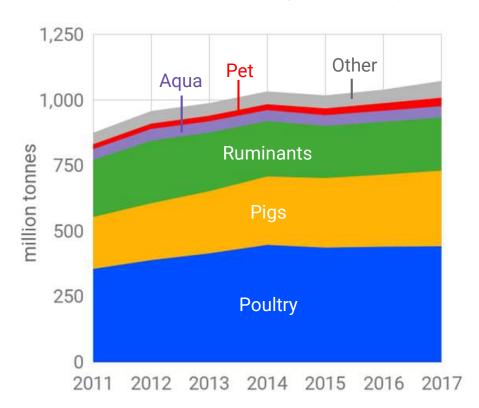






Global feed production use (non-forage)

Data from Alltech Global Feed Surveys (2011-2018)



Different opportunities and efficiencies for each species.

Plus regional variations in feed production, livestock systems and supply chains.

Common non-forage feed ingredients:

- Cereals: corn, wheat, barley, oats, sorghum etc
- **Protein meals:** soybean, rapeseed meal, lupins). Often co-products
- Plus fats and oils, minerals, feed additives etc.



What does mainstream industry focus on?

1. Food/feed safety:

Reputation / animal health

2. Efficiency:

Getting the most out of every ounce. Precision feed, amino acid supplements.

3. Price:

Least cost formulation

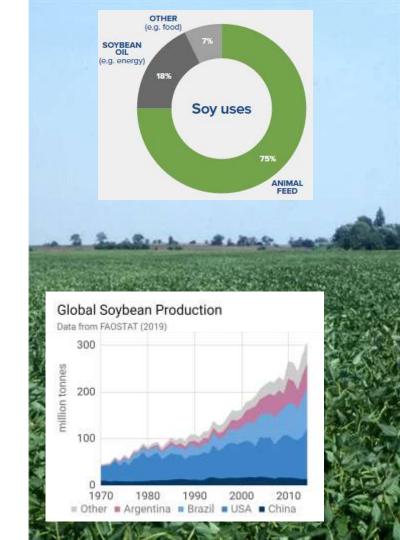




Soy: a troublesome, cheap and useful protein source

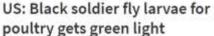
Major focus area for UK retailers, but traction is limited.

- A highly efficient source of protein
- 75% of global production goes to animal feed
- Europe imports ~95% of its soy (mostly S. America).
- In UK ~26% known as from regions free from deforestation (See 3Keel supermarket supply chain research)
- Transparency and certification is low.
 Globally only ~1-2% is certified.



Novel animal feeds

- Insects
- Algae and seaweed
- Single cell proteins
- Amino acid supplements (less novel)
- Biochar



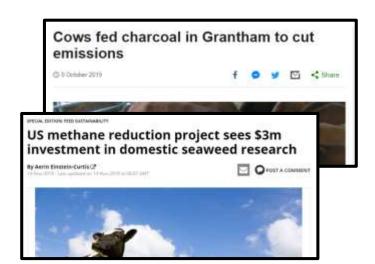




Norwegian salmon producer trials Skretting's insect based salmon feed



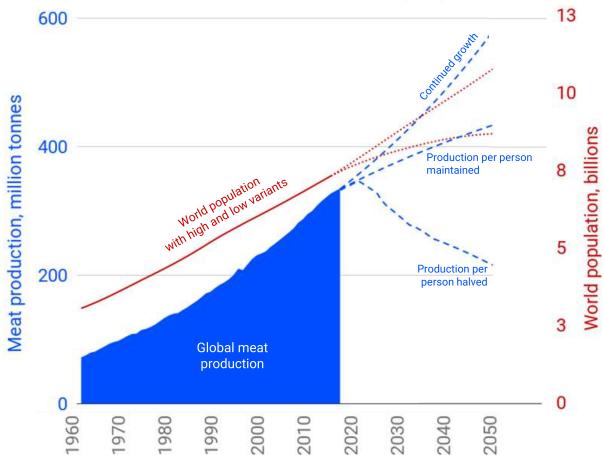






World Meat Production

Examples of Future Scenarios. Historical data from FAOSTAT (2019)



Meeting future animal feed demands...

~280 million hectares of additional land by 2030

(this is impossible)







Thank you

Samuel Smith

S.Smith@forumforthefuture.org





Towards a Sustainable Animal Feed System



REDUCE FEED DEMAND

"Less and better" meat and fish

Optimised feeding regimes

IMPROVE SUSTAINABILITY OF EXISTING FEEDS

Feed produced within more regenerative farming systems

Traceability and transparency across the feed supply chain

Not compromising animal welfare and human health

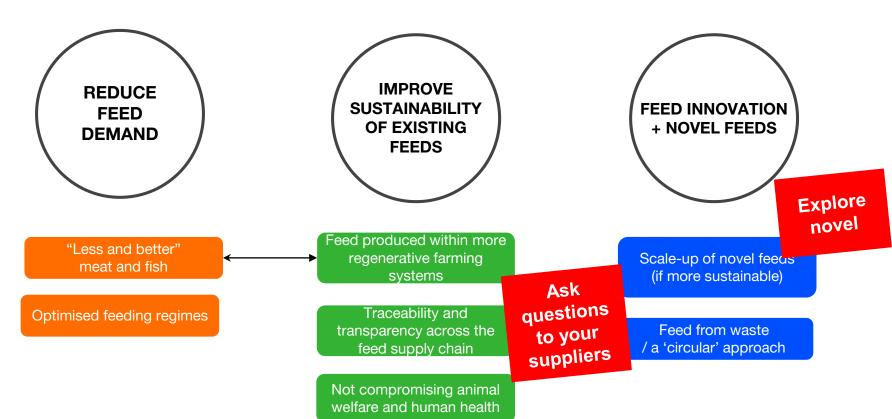


Scale-up of novel feeds (if more sustainable)

Feed from waste / a 'circular' approach

Towards a Sustainable Animal Feed System





Nine Feed Compass Criteria

Qualities of a sustainable animal feed that's fit for the future.





Restorative land use and biodiversity practices



Minimises greenhouse gas emissions



Supports human rights and welfare



Takes a 'circular' approach



Minimises freshwater consumption



Minimises pollution



Promotes animal health and nutrition



Minimises fish stock depletion



Financially viable

Why animal feed matters

- Can often be the largest cost in livestock production
- Major bearing on animal health and welfare
- Impacts nutritional quality of food
- A major environmental impact

